

3A) (a+c.) Revenue = price \times quantity

$$R = p \cdot q = (-0.0117q + 10.417)q$$

More generally $R = pq = (-mq + b)q$

Costs = Variable costs + Fixed Costs

$$C = 2.50q + 50$$

More generally, $C = Uq + C_{\text{Fixed}}$

Hence Profit = Revenue - Costs = $R - C$

$$\pi(q) = (-0.0117q + 10.417)q - (2.5q + 50)$$

More generally $\pi(q) = (-mq + b)q - (Uq + C_{\text{Fixed}})$

(b.) Via calculator graph $\pi(q)$ and use fMax, to

get $q = 338.333\dots$, $\pi(338.333) = \$1289.29$
 $p = \$6.46$

(d.) Via symbolic algebra $\frac{d\pi}{dq} = -2mq + b - U$

$\frac{d\pi}{dq} = 0$ if a max hence $0 = -2mq + (b - U)$
 $\Rightarrow q = \frac{b - U}{2m}$ is critical point.

Note $\frac{d^2\pi}{dq^2} = -2m < 0$ so concave down \Rightarrow critical pt

is a maximum $\Rightarrow q = \frac{b - U}{2m}$ and $p = -m\left(\frac{b - U}{2m}\right) + b$
Note b is price if $q = 0$ selling price $p = \frac{b}{2} + \frac{U}{2} = \frac{b + U}{2}$